

# Linear polyUb Chain-binding Protein Identification / Validation Kit (Cat. # J2520)

\* This kit is designed for two purposes: 1) identification of proteins that specially bind linear polyUb chains in whole cell or tissue lysates; 2) validation of direct interactions between linear polyUb chains and their binding proteins.

# Description

The non-cleavable 6xHis-tagged linear Ub<sub>6</sub> is resistant of deubiquitination when incubating with whole cell or tissue lysates, thus allowing maximally capture proteins that specifically bind linear polyUb chains. After binding, 6XHis-tagged non-cleavable linear Ub<sub>6</sub> and the binding proteins can be enriched with Nickel *XPure* Agarose Resin (included). The bound proteins and the non-cleavable polyUb chains can be eluted from Ni resin using a buffer containing 250 mM imidazole (included) or by incubating with TEV protease (not included). Either of the elution method can significantly reduce the amounts of non-specific binding proteins when compared with elution using SDS sample buffer.

# Components

| Component  | Quantity | Storage upon receiving |
|--|----------|------------------------|
| 6xHis-Non-cleavable Linear Ub <sub>6</sub>           | 100 μg   | -80 °C                 |
| 6xHis-Ubiquitin                                      | 100 μg   | -80 °C                 |
| Nickel XPure Agarose Resin (suspended in 50% slurry) | 500 μl   | 2-8 °C                 |
| 4 M Imidazole  | 500 μl   | -80 °C                 |
| Iodoacetamide  | 25 mg    | -80 °C                 |

### Note

Reconstitute the supplied Iodoacetamide powder into 270  $\mu$ L distilled water or your buffer to make a 500 mM stock solution

### **Procedure**

A procedure for capturing linear polyUb binding proteins in cell or tissue lysates (optimization may be required)

1) Prepare whole cell or tissue lysates with a total protein concentration of 2-5mg/ml. Cell/tissue debris should be removed by high speed centrifugation. Protease inhibitors





UBPBio 12635 E. Montview Blvd. Ste 100 Aurora, CO 80045, USA Fax: 1-800-682-6801 Email: info@ubpbio.com www.ubpbio.com

(not included) and 5 mM iodoacetamide (a deubiquitinating enzyme inhibitor) can be added in the lysis buffer to block protease digestion and deubiquitination in the purification process.

Important note: add 15 mM imidazole in the lysis buffer to reduce non-specific binging on Ni resin in step 3.

- 2) We recommend adding 100  $\mu$ g 6xHis non-cleavable linear Ub<sub>6</sub> or 6xHis-Ubiquitin (a negative control) with 5-10 mg whole cell or tissue lysates. Users can scale up or down according to your experimental needs. Optimization may be required. The mixtures can be incubated with slow rotation at 4 °C for 4-16 hours.
- 3) Wash 200  $\mu$ l Ni resin slurry (100  $\mu$ L net Ni resin) using the lysis buffer, then add Ni resin to the mixtures for 1-2 hour further slow rotation. After incubation, Ni resin can be pelleted down by centrifugation at 750 Xg for 5 min. Discard the supernatants or save as a control when analyzing samples. If necessary, transfer Ni resin to a 0.65 ml microcentrifuge tube for the following wash/elution steps.
- 4) Wash Ni resin three times. Use 0.5 ml buffer containing 30 mM imidazole and rotate the mixtures 2-3 min for each wash. Pellet down Ni resin after each wash by centrifugation as described above, discard the supernatants or save as a control when analyzing samples.
- 5) Elute proteins using 100-200 μl buffer containing 250 mM imidazole. Pellet down Ni-resin by centrifugation at 1000 xg. Non-cleavable linear polyUb chains and their binding proteins will be in the supernatants. Bound proteins can be analyzed by immunoblotting or mass spectrometry.

